



JAI HIND COLLEGE BASANTSING INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE &

J.T. LALVANI COLLEGE OF COMMERCE (AUTONOMOUS)

"A" Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020, India.

Affiliated to University of Mumbai

Program : BMS

Proposed Course : Management Studies

Semester V

Credit Based Semester and Grading System (CBCS) with effect from the academic year 2020-21

	Semester V				
Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week		
CBMS501	Logistics and Supply Chain Management	5	4		
CBMS502	Design Thinking for Business Operations	5	4		
	ELECTIVE-FINANCE				
CBMS503	Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management	5	4		
CBMS504	Risk Management	5	4		
CBMS505	Wealth Management	5	4		
CBMS506	Behavioural Finance	5	4		
	ELECTIVE- MARKETING				
CBMS507	Services Marketing	5	4		
CBMS508	Digital Marketing & E Commerce	5	4		
CBMS509	Sales & Distribution Management	5	4		
CBMS510	Customer Relationship Management	5	4		



TVRMS Somestor V	Application Based Learning
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Course:	TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning Logistics and Supply Chain Management	
CBMS501	(Credits : 5 Lectures/Week: 4)	
Objectives:		
To pr	rovide students with basic understanding of concepts of logistics and supply	
chain	management	
	troduce students to the key activities performed by the logistics function	
-	rovide an insight in to the nature of supply chain, its functions and supply ch	ain
syste		
To ui	nderstand global trends in logistics and supply chain management	
0-4		
Outcomes:	curriculum introduces concents of Supply Chain Management and evaluing	thoir
	curriculum introduces concepts of Supply Chain Management and explains cation in real-time. Will help students plan and manage growth, quality	
	m of goods and services in a professional environment as a supply	
mana		ciluill
Unit I	Overview of Logistics and Supply Chain Management	15 L
	a) Introduction to Logistics Management	10 2
	b) Basic Concepts of Logistics- Logistical Performance Cycle,	
1.3	Inbound Logistics, In-process Logistics, Outbound Logistics,	
1.3	Logistical Competency, Integrated Logistics, Reverse Logistics	
	and Green Logistics	
	c) Objectives and Scope of Logistics, Logistical	
	Functions/Logistic Mix, Changing Logistics Environment	
	d) Impact on logistics post GST	
	e) Introduction to Supply Chain Management: Meaning,	
	Objectives, Functions.	
	f) Participants of Supply Chain, Role of Logistics in Supply	
	Chain, Channel Management and Channel Integration	
	g) Retail and E-commerce supply chain b) Customer Semicar Key Element of Logistics, Magning of	
	h) Customer Service: Key Element of Logistics: Meaning of Customer Service, Objectives, and Elements	
	i) Customer Service, Objectives, and Elements.i) Levels of customer service for modern, retail and e-business	
	i) Levels of customer service for modern, retail and e-businessj) Rights of Customers	
	k) Demand Forecasting: Meaning, Objectives.	
	 Approaches to Forecasting, Forecasting Methods, Forecasting 	
	m) Techniques, (Numerical on Simple Moving Average, Weighted	
	Moving Average), Predictive Analysis	

Unit II	Elements of Logistics Mix	15 L
	a) Transportation: Principles and Participants in Transportation, Factors Influencing transportation Decisions, Modes of Transportation-Railways, Roadways, Airways, Waterways, Ropeways, Pipeline, Transportation Infrastructure, Intermodal	
1	 Transportation b) Warehousing: Introduction, Warehouse Functionality, Benefits of Warehousing c) Warehouse Operating Principles, Types of Warehouses, 	
	Warehousing Strategies, Factors affecting Warehousingd) Materials Handling: Meaning, Objectives, Importance, Principles, Equipments of Materials Handling	
	 e) Packaging-Objectives of Packaging, Functions/Benefits of Packaging, Design Considerations in Packaging, Types of Packaging Material, Packaging Costs, Effects of packaging on FMOT 	
Unit III	 Inventory Management, Logistics Costing, Performance Management and Logistical Network Analysis a) Inventory Management- Objectives, Functions, Importance, Techniques of Inventory Management (Numerical - EOQ and Reorder levels), Inventory management during product change/new launch b) Logistics Costing a) Performance Measurement in Supply Chain b) Characteristics of Ideal Measurement System c) Logistical Network Analysis: Meaning, Objectives, Importance, Scope, RORO/LASH 	15 L

Unit IV	Recent Trends in Logistics and Supply Chain Management 1	15 L
	a) Information Technology and Digital Transformation in Logistics	
	b) Logistical Information System- Principles, Types	
	c) Modern Logistics Infrastructure -Golden Quadrilateral, Logistics	
	Parks, Deep Water Ports, Dedicated Freight Corridor, Inland	
	Container Depots/Container Freight Stations, Maritime Logistics,	
	Double Stack Containers/Unit Trains	
	d) Logistics Outsourcing Meaning: Objectives,	
	Benefits/Advantages of Outsourcing.	
	e) Third Party Logistics Provider, Fourth Party Logistics Provider,	
-	Drawbacks of Outsourcing	
	f) Selection of Logistics Service Provider	
	g) Outsourcing-Value Proposition	
	h) Logistics in the Global Environment	
	i) Managing the Global Supply Chain, Impact of Globalization on	
and the second sec	Logistics and Supply Chain Management, Global Logistics Trends,	
	Global Issues and Challenges in Logistics and Supply Chain	
	Management	
	j) Logistics and supply chain in e-commerce market places	
	(including Last mile delivery)	
	k) Management of supply in Black Swan Events	
	1) Smart contracts and Block chain	

References:

- 1. David Simchi Levi, Philip Kaminshy& Edith SimchiLevi, (2008), Designing & Managing the Supply Chain Concepts, Strategies and Case Studies Logistics, New Delhi ,McGraw Hill Publication.
- 2. Donald Waters, (2003), An Introduction to Supply Chain, Vadodara Palgrave Macmillan Publication.
- 3. Martin Christopher, (2016), Logistics & Supply Chain Management Strategies for Reducing Cost & Improving Services, fourth edition, new Delhi, Pearson publications.
- 4. Vinod Sople(2004), Logistic Management The Supply Chain Imperative, New Delhi, Pearson Publications.
- 5. Donald J Bowersox & David J Closs, (2000), Logistic Management The Integrated Supply Chain Process, New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company ltd.
- 6. Alan Rushton, Phil Croucher, Peter Baker, (2017)The Handbook of Logistics and Distribution Management Understanding the Supply Chain, sixth edition, New Delhi, kogan page limited.
- 7. Ronald H Ballou& Samir K Srivastava(2009), Business Logistics/ Supply Chain Management- Pearson, New Delhi.

	TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning	
Course:	Design Thinking for Business Operations	
CBMS502	(Credits : 5 Lectures/Week: 4)	
	levelop understanding of the fundamental phases and methods in design think	ing and
learr	how to implement it.	
Outcom		
	develop a problem-solving mind-set that is crucial to solving complex busines	s
	blems.	
Jnit I	Introduction	15 L
	a) Innovation & Creativity	
	b) Fundamentals of Design	
	c) Empathy & Understanding Problem, Empathy tools – techniques for	
	getting empathy insights through interviews empathy maps,	
100	d) Emotional mapping, observation	
J nit II	Design thinking strategy and capability	15 L
	a) Build design thinking strategy and capability (structure, culture,	
	skills, process) in an organisation	
	b) Design Thinking Process	
	c) Tools of design thinking – persona, customer journey map.(minor	
- 1.4	project)	
Unit III	Explore, Ideate & Create	15 L
1.3	a) Discover challenges, interpret through empathy study and perform	
11	risk assessment	
1.10	b) Ideate: Generate ideas, shortlist a workable solution, perform risk	
	assessment	
- 3	c) Create: Develop prototypes of a big idea, get feedback, perform	
	financial analysis of the solution and risk assessment	
Unit IV	Design for services	15 L
	a) Product vs services	13 L
	b) Service development	
	c) Experience lifecycle.	
References:		
1. Don	Norman, Design of Everyday life	
2. Rom	an Kizanie, Empathy: Why it matters, how to get it.	
3. The	Art of Empathy: A complete Guide to life's most essential skill - 101 Design	Methods
A St	ructured Approach for Driving Innovation in Your Organization, Wiley; 1st en	dition
4. Char	nge by Design: How Design Thinking Transforms Organizations and Inspires	
	vation, by Tim Brown	
Inno		17
Inno 5. Sprir	nt: How to Solve Big Problems and Test New Ideas in Just Five Days, by Jake	кпарр
Inno 5. Sprin with	nt: How to Solve Big Problems and Test New Ideas in Just Five Days, by Jake John Zeratsky and Braden Kowitz Field Guide to Human-Centred Design, by IDEO.org	кпарр

TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning ELECTIVE – FINANCE

Course: CBMS503	Investment Analysis and Portfolio Management (Credits : 5 Lectures/Week:4)	
> To m	c acquaint the students with various concepts of finance. o understand the terms which are often confronted while reading newspaper, agazines etc for better correlation with the practical world. o understand various models and techniques of security and portfolio analysis.	
	curriculum is designed to guide the students to select the right portfolio through sis and do the proper asset allocation.	security
Unit I	Investment Environment a) Introduction to Investment : Process , criteria for investment , Investment vs speculation vs gambling b) Investment Avenues c) Capital Market in India , Stock market Index d) Global Stock exchange, SDL , NSDL , Depositary settlement e) Online Share trading and its advantages f) Foreign portfolio Investment (FPI) g) Foreign Institutional Investment (FII)	15 L
Unit II	 Risk - Return Relationship a) Risk- Types, Measurement of Beta, Standard Deviation, Variance(Case study approach) macro vs micro- market, sector, entity b) Reduction of Risk through Diversification c) Practical Problems on Calculation of Standard Deviation, Variance and Beta d) S-Curve 	15 L
Unit III	 Portfolio Management and Security Analysis a) Types of Investing - Time period , cash flow management in long and short term b) Portfolio Management : Meaning , Process , Objectives , Basic Principles , Factors affecting Investment decisions in portfolio management , Portfolio strategy mix c) Value investment d) Distress investment e) Security Analysis : EIC framework f) Financial Mathematics (Ratios), Net worth calculations g) Technical Analysis –Uses of Charts-Line Chart, Bar Chart, Candlestick Chart h) Financial Modelling and Predictive analysis 	15 L

Unit IV	CAPN	1 and Portfolio Performance measurement Dow Jones Theory	15 L
	a)	Elliot wave theory	
	b)	Efficient Market Hypothesis	
	c)	Capital Asset Pricing Model : Assumptions , Uses of CAPM buy and sell and hold securities	
	d)	Dividend yield earnings yield and market yield	
	e)	Portfolio Performance Measurement : Sharpe , Treynor , Jensen	
		(basic problems)	
	f)	Milan Modular Planning	
Referenc	e	C.C.	<u> </u>
1.	Pras	anna Chandra,(2012),Security Analysis and Portfolio Management,4the	dition,
	Tata	McGraw Hill, New Delhi	
2.	Pras	anna Chandra, (2008), Financial Management, New Delhi, Tata McGra	w Hill
3.	Ravi	M. Kishore, (2009), Financial Management - Problems & Solutions 2n	ıd
5		ion, Delhi, Taxman Publications Pvt. Limited.	
4.		and Block, (2009), Fundamentals of Investment Management, New Del	hi, Tata
		braw Hill.	
5.		n & Jain, (2007), Financial Management, New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hil	
6.		n. S, 2006, Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, PHI Learning	5
		ate Limited, Delhi.	
7.		hindhra Bhatt, 2009, Security Analysis and Portfolio Management, Exce	el
11	Bool	ks, Mumbai.	



TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning Disla Management		
Course: Risk Management		
CBMS504	(Credits : 5 Lectures/Week: 4)	
Objectives	:	
•	amiliarize the student with the fundamental aspects of risk management and contra	rol
	give a comprehensive overview of risk governance and assurance with special refe	
	isurance sector	
• To i	ntroduce the basic concepts, functions, process, techniques of risk management	
• To 1	understand the concepts related to Derivatives market	
• To :	study the various aspects related to options and futures	
	acquaint learners with the trading, clearing and settlement mechanism in derivates	
mar	and the second se	
Outcomes		
	help students understand and assess various types of risk and identify methods t	o reduc
	mitigate the risk. is curriculum is designed to make students aware of different financial products	anop (
	wards, futures and options and also how to hedge the portfolio against the price ri	
Unit I	Financial Risk Management through Derivative Instruments	15 L
Omt I	Financial Risk Wanagement through Derivative Instruments	15 L
	Introduction to derivatives	
- 1	a) Introduction : History and origin , types of derivatives , participants	
- N	b) Factors Driving Growth of Derivatives Market. Current Volumes of	
- 1	Derivative Trade in India.	
	c) Futures : Pricing of futures contracts, Cost of carry model	
	d) Concepts of convergence relationship, spot price basis and risk	
	e) Hedging, Speculation and arbitrage using futures with practical sums	
Unit II	Options and Settlement Mechanism	15 L
	a) Options : Call and Put, Concepts, valuations of option contract	
	b) Factors affecting option premium, Options strategies with practical	
	sums	
	c) Options pricing models	
	d) Trading, Clearing and settlement in derivatives market	
	e) Types of margins	
	f) Clearing mechanism and settlement mechanism	
	g) Risks related to futures and options	
Unit III	Risk Management	15 L
	a) Business sectors in India	
	b) Risk : Concepts, types, process and organisation and control	
	c) Process of risk management – Identification -Assessment	
	d) Prioritisation – Mitigation process of risk management	
	e) Value at Risk margin (VaR)	

nit IV	Risk policy and corporate governance	15]	
	a) Risk management policy		
	b) Startups and business : how and why they fail		
	c) Risk management in India and corporate governance		
Refe	ences:		
1.	Robert McDonald, 2002, Derivatives market, Pearson education, London		
2.	John Hull,2001, Fundamentals of futures & options, Pearson education, London		
3.	Ankit Gala & Jitendra Gala, 2007, Guide to Indian Commodity market, Buzzing Stock. Gujarat		
4.	K.Sasidharan& Alex K. Mathews, 2014, Option trading – bull market strategies, McGraw Hill publication, Maharashtra		
5.	NitiChatnani, 2016, Commodity markets, McGraw Hill Publication, Maharashtra		
6.	Thomas S. Coleman, 2012, Quantitative Risk Management : A Practical Guide to Financial Risk, John Wiley & Sons , New Jersey		
7.	Steve Peterson, 2012, Investment Theory and Risk Management, John Wiley & Sons , New Jersey		
8.	Theory & Practice of Treasury Risk Management: M/s Taxman Publications Ltd.		
9.	Sim Segal 2011, Corporate Value of ERM, John Wiley &Sons, New Jersey		
10.	Dr. G Kotreshwar, 2018, Risk Management : Insurance and Derivatives, Pun Himalaya Publishing House	ne,	



TYBMS Semest	er V – Applicatio	on Based Learning
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Course: CBMS505	Wealth Management (Credits : 5 Lectures/Week: 4)			
	Objectives: • To provide an overview of various aspects related to wealth management • To study the relevance and importance of Insurance in wealth management • To acquaint the learners with importance of estate planning in wealth management • To understand various components of retirement planning			
	Outcomes: This curriculum is designed to make students understand various methods to create and manage wealth through investment planning, insurance planning, tax planning, retirement and estate planning			
Unit I	 Introduction to Wealth Management and Investment planning a) Introduction to Wealth Management : Meaning , scope , components and process of wealth Management b) WM needs and expectations of clients (including High Net-Worth Individuals) c) Code of ethics of wealth manager d) Personal Financial Statement Analysis e) Types of investment risk f) Investment planning : Risk profiling of investors , asset allocation (life cycle model) g) Asset Allocation strategies (Strategic, Tactical and Life-cycle based) h) Goal based financial planning 	15 L		
Unit II	 Insurance Planning, Retirement planning a) Insurance Planning : Meaning , Principles and Functions of Insurance b) Rights and responsibilities of insurer and insured c) Types of life insurance policies, general insurance policies d) Retirement planning : Purpose and need e) Objectives of retirement planning – pre and post retirement planning f) Annuities /Retirement schemes / Pension schemes as an investment avenue 	15 L		

Unit III	Wealth Management through Mutual funds	15 L
	a) Structure of Mutual Funds – Sponsor, Trustees, Asset management company and others	
	b) Mutual Funds : types and classification of funds	
	c) NAV calculation- practical sums	
	 d) Mutual Funds : points to be considered before investing in mutual funds (Investment objective, Transaction cost, portfolio turnover) 	
	e) Mutual Fund evaluation : Return , expense ratio , size of fund , analysing fund management	
	 f) Characteristics of mutual fund : Portfolio composition , Average maturity , Ratings 	
	 g) Strategy for risk reduction and maximisation of returns through mutual funds 	
-	h) Role of Mutual Funds in financial planning	
Unit IV	a) Introduction to Estate Planning - Definition and Objectives of Estate Planning	15 L
1	 b) Estate Planning Tools >> Nomination >> Joint Account >> Creation of Trust c) Types of Will 	
- 12	d) Contents of a Will - Requirements of a Valid Will	
	e) What is a Digital Will or e-Will?	
	f) Letter of Last Instructions	
	g) Power of Attorney	
References:		
2. Harolo	 Evensky, (1996), Wealth Management, McGraw Hill Publications. Evensky, (2011), The new wealth Management, CFA Institute Investment Publication, Texas. 	

- 3. Stanley Thomas and William Danko, (2010), The Millionaire Next Door- The Surprising Secrets of America's Wealthy, Manhattan, Taylor Trade Publishing.
- 4. Neville Goddard & Tim Grimes, (2016), The Wealth Mindset- Understanding the Mental Path to Wealth, USA, Createspace Independent Publishing Platform

Course: CBMS506	TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning Behavioural Finance (Credits :5 Lectures/Week:4)	
	 Objectives: To understand and apply the main concepts, research too methodologies of behavioural finance that help to reveal biases etc decision making process of on individual, corporate and financial level. To explore behavioural corporate finance considering financial, inv and dividend policy decisions and contrasting traditional and beha approaches. Outcome: 	e. in th marke estmer
Unit I	This curriculum is designed to give an overview of important results field of behavioural finance and the implications of these results for traditional finance theory and practice.	
	 a) Introduction to Behavioral finance – Nature, scope, objectives and application b) Psychology and market people. Investors, portfolio managers, analysts: are they rational? Bounded rationality in real market conditions c) Psychology and heuristics d) Investment Decision Cycle: Judgment under Uncertainty :Cognitive information perception e) Peculiarities (biases) of quantitative and numerical information perception Representativeness – Anchoring - Exponential discounting - Hyperbolic discounting 	1
Unit II	 Decision Making a) Decision-making process and behavioral biases b) Utility/ Preference Functions: Expected Utility Theory [EUT] and Rational Thought c) Decision making under risk and uncertainty - Expected utility as a basis for decision-making d) Theories based on Expected Utility Concept e) Investor rationality and market efficiency. f) Greed and expectation management 	15 L

Unit III	Behavioral Factors and Financial Markets	15 L
	a) The Efficient Markets Hypothesis - Fundamental Information and Financial Markets	
	b) Information available for Market Participants and Emotions and	
	Decision – Making: Experimental measurement of risk-related -	
	Measuring Risk Emotional mechanisms in modulating risk-taking attitude	
	c) Neurophysiology of risk taking	
	 d) Personality traits and risk attitudes in different domains. Market Efficiency -Market Predictability 	
Unit IV	Behavioral Corporate Finance	15 L
	a) Behavioral factors and Corporate Decisions on Capital Structure and Dividend Policy	
P	b) Capital Structure dependence on Market Timing Systematic approach to using behavioral factors in corporate decision making	
	c) External Factors and Investor Behavior: Mechanisms of the External Factor influence on risk perception and attitudes	
	 d) Connection to human psychophysiology and emotional regulation Active portfolio management – the source of the systematic underperformance 	
References :	1 22 2	
	e investing and Behavioral finance: insights into Indian stock market ties hardcover – 1 July 2017, by Parag Parikh, McGraw Hill Education; 1st edi	tion

- 2. Behavioral Finance: Psychology, Decision-Making, and Markets", by Ackert and Deaves.
- 3. Understanding Behavioral Finance by Ackert¬ The Psychology of Investing by John R. Nofsinger, Pearson Prentice Hall, (4th Edition)
- 4. What Investors Really Want Learn the lessons of behavioral Finance, Meir Statman, McGraw-Hill
- 5. Handbook of Behavioral Finance Brian R. Bruce
- 6. Behavioral finance Wiley Finance Joachim Goldberg, Rüdiger von Nitzsch
- 7. Plous, Scott, 1993, The Psychology of Judgment and Decision Making, Ch 10-15
- 8. Shleifer, Andrei, 2000, Are Financial Markets Efficient?, Chapter 1 in Inefficient Markets, Oxford University Press

TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning ELECTIVE – MARKETING

Course: CBMS507	Services Marketing (Credits : 5 Lectures/Week: 4)	
	 Objectives: ➤ To understand distinctive features of services and key elements in services marketing. ➤ To provide insight into ways to improve service quality and productivity. ➤ To understand marketing of different services in Indian context Outcomes: This curriculum is designed to help students learn the fundamentals services marketing from a practical point of view focusing on the needs of customers, who are to be kept satisfied and delighted for a business to prospect to the prospect of the pro	of the
Unit I	 Introduction to Services Marketing a) Nature and Scope of Services and Rise of E-Services Introduction, meaning, characteristics Difference between services and tangible products Service sector, classification of services, growth of service sectors and service industries. b) Marketing of Services Understanding E-Services and Traditional Services Industry Concept and evolution of services marketing, meaning of service marketing Myths encountered in services, need for service marketing, and growth in Services Marketing Boot service marketing, service marketing triangle 7 P's of service marketing 	15 L
Unit II	 Service Design and Service Delivery Introduction, Service delivery process, service encounters and Moments of Truth Employee role in service delivery, service employee- criteria, importance and emotional approach Role of service provider, intermediaries involved in Service Process and Service Delivery STP Strategy for Services B2B Services Marketing and partial delivery of services 	15 L

Unit III	Consumer Behaviour in Services Marketing	15 L
	• Introduction	
	• Customer Expectations in Services, Service Costs Experienced by	
	Consumer, the Role of customer in Service Delivery	
	Conflict Handling in Services, Customer Responses in Services	
	Concept of Customer Delight	
	Conflict Recovery in services	
	Consumer journey and experience mapping	
	Service Standards	
	• Service Flexibility Versus Standards, Evaluate Strategies to Match Capacity and Demand,	
23	• Managing Demand and Supply of Service – Lack of Inventory Capability, applications of Waiting Line and Queuing Theories to Understand Pattern demand	
Unit IV	Overview of Service Industry	15 L
1.1	Different employment opportunities in service Industry, different sectors	
	Overview of different services	
	Online marketing of services	
	Role of technology	
	• UI and UX Design	
1	Emerging Trends in Service Industry	
1.1	Introduction, Strategic approach in Services Marketing	
1.1	• Service Marketing in e-Commerce, e-Marketing, and Telemarketing	
	Services, Service Marketing Research for Global Markets and Rural	
	Markets	
	Innovations in Services Marketing	
	Ethical Aspects in Service Marketing	
References		
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	arie A. Zeithaml&Mary Jo Bitner, (2008), Service Marketing, 5th Edition, New	
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	rshV.Verma,, (2007), Services Marketing Text & Cases, 2nd Edition, New Delhi,	
	rson Education Bhattacharjee, (2008), Service Sector Management, Jaico Publishing House, Muml	oai,

TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning

Course: CBMS508	Digital Marketing and E-commerce (Credits :5 Lectures/Week: 4)	
	 Objectives: ➤ To understand increasing significance of E-Commerce and its applications in Business and Various Sectors ➤ To provide an insight on Digital Marketing activities on various Social Media platforms and its emerging significance in Business ➤ To understand Latest Trends and Practices in E-Commerce and Digital Marketing, along with its Challenges and Opportunities for an Organic Outcomes: This curriculum will provide an understanding of how the digital econor works which will help develop the critical insights necessary to succeed Commerce and Digital Marketing. 	al isation ny
Unit I	 Digital Marketing a) Introduction to Digital Marketing, Advantages and Limitations of Digital Marketing b) Elements of Digital Marketing, Difference between traditional and digital marketing c) Website designing d) Search Engine Optimisation e) Marketing automation f) Website Funnel Analytics g) Consumer analytics h) Company side analytics - Communication, engagement and actual lead on sale 	15 L
Unit II	 Social Media and Content Marketing a) Facebook Content Strategy b) LinkedIn Content Strategy c) Instagram Content Strategy d) Twitter Content Strategy 	15 L
Unit III	Media Planning and Advertisinga)Programmatic Media Buyingb)Social Media Advertisingc)Search Advertisingd)Lead generatione)Performance Marketingf)Influencer Marketing	15 L

Unit IV	E-commerce 15 L
	a) E-Commerce: Meaning, Features, Categories, Advantages, Limitations,
	Environmental Factors
	b) Introduction to selling on Amazon and other E-commerce stores
	c) Setting up your own E-commerce store
	d) Electronic Payment Systems- Payment Gateway: Process, Types
References:	
1. D Ni	dhi (2011), E-Commerce Concepts and Applications, International Book house P.lto
	j KamleshK(2005),E-Commerce- The cutting edge of Business, New Delhi, Tata
McG	raw hill publishing company limited.
3. Whit	eleyDavid(2013), E-Commerce Technologies and Applications, New Delhi, Tata
	braw hill publishing company limited.
	usiness & E-Commerce Management 3rd Ed, New Delhi, Pearson Education.
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	son Education .
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, . L IIU	M. Awad(2006), Electronic Commerce, 3rd Edition, New Delhi Pearson Education n Turban et.al (2008), Electronic Commerce - A Managerial Perspective, ninth



TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning

Course: CBMS509	Sales and Distribution Management (Credits :5 Lectures/Week:4)	
Unit I	 (Credits : 5 Lectures/ week:4) Objectives: To develop understanding of the sales & distribution processes organizations To get familiarized with concepts, approaches and the practical aspects key decision making variables in sales management and distribution chemanagement Outcomes: The course is designed to develop understanding and appreciation of Sales & Distribution processes in organizations. It includes familiarization of concepts, approaches and the practical aspects of the decision making variables in sales force and distribution chamanagement Introduction a) Sales Management: Meaning, Role of Sales Department, Interface of Sales with Other Management Functions, Qualities of a Sales Manager b) Sales Management: Meaning, Developments in Sales Management Effectiveness to Efficiency, Multidisciplinary Approach, Internal Marketing, Increased Use of Internet, CRM, Professionalism in Selling. c) Structure of Sales Organisation – Functional, Product Based, Market Based, Territory Based, Combination or Hybrid Structure d) Distribution Management: Meaning, Importance, Role of Distribution, Role of Intermediaries, Evolution of Distribution Channels e) Integration of Marketing, Sales and Distribution f) Modern Trade & E-Commerce Trade g) New channels of Sales and Distribution Management 	of the annel the the key

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Unit II	Market Analysis and Selling	15 L
	a) Market Analysis:	
	i. Market Analysis and Sales Forecasting, Types of Sales Quotas,	
	Factors Determining Fixation of Sales Quota	
	ii. Assigning Territories to Salespeople	
	b)Process of Selling	
	i. Methods of Closing a Sale, Reasons for Unsuccessful Closing	
	ii. Theories of Selling - Stimulus Response Theory, Product	
	Orientation Theory, Need Satisfaction Theory	
	and the second sec	
	c) Selling Skills	
	i. Communication Skill, Listening Skill, Trust Building Skill,	
	Negotiation Skill, Problem Solving Skill, Conflict Management Skill	
1.0	ii. SellingStrategies- Softsell Vs. Hardsell Strategy, Client Centered	
Pro-	Strategy, Product-Price Strategy, Win-Win Strategy, Negotiation	
	Strategy	
	iii. Difference Between Consumer Selling and Organizational Selling	
	iv. Difference Between National Selling and International Selling	
	The second	
Unit III	Distribution Channel Management	15 L
	Management of Distribution Channel :Meaning& Need	
1.1	a) Channel Partners	
1.1	Wholesalers, Distributors and Retailers & their Functions in	
	Distribution Channel, Difference Between a Distributor and a	
1.1	Wholesaler	
10	b) Choice of Distribution System	
	i. Intensive, Selective, Exclusive	
1	ii. Factors Affecting Distribution Strategy – Locational Demand,	
	Product Characteristics, Pricing Policy, Speed or Efficiency,	
	Distribution Cost	
	c) Factors Affecting Effective Management Of Distribution	
	d) Channels: Channel Design, Policy, Conflicts, Reasons for Channel	
	Conflict, Conflict Resolution, Motivating Channel Member,	
	Selecting Channel Partners, Evaluating Channels,	
	Channel Control	
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Unit IV	Performance Evaluation, Ethics and Trends	15 L
	a)Evaluation & Control of Sales Performance: Meaning, Methods	
	of Supervision and Control of Sales Force, Sales Performance	
	Evaluation Criteria- Key Result Areas (KRAs), Sales Performance	
	Review, Sales Management Audit	
	b) Measuring Distribution Channel Performance	
	i. Evaluating Channels- Effectiveness, Efficiency and Equity	
	ii. Control of Channel – Instruments of Control – Contract or	
	Agreement, Budgets and Reports, Distribution Audit	
	c)Ethics in Sales Management	
	d) New Trends in Sales and Distribution Management	
	e) Understanding & Implications of being GDPR Compliant	
References :	1394 - m-	
1. Nag,	(2013), Sales And Distribution, Pune, Management, McGraw Hill	

- 2. Richard R. Still, Edward W. Cundiff, Norman A.P. Govoni, (2009) Sales Management, New Delhi, Pearson Education, 5th Edition.
- 3. Krishna K. Havaldar, Vasant M. Cavale(2011), Sales And Distribution Management Text & Cases, New Delhi, Mcgraw Hill Education.
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Course:	TYBMS Semester V – Application Based Learning Customer Relationship Management	
CBMS510 (Credits : 5 Lectures/Week: 4)		
	Objectives:	
	• To understand concept of Customer Relationship Management (CRM) and implementation of Customer Relationship Management	
	• To provide insight into CRM marketing initiatives, customer service and designing CRM strategy	
	• To understand new trends in CRM, challenges and opportunities for organizations	
	Outcomes:	
	This curriculum is designed to examine CRM as a business strategy integrates internal processes and external networks to create and de	liver
1	value for targeted customers and for the organisation. It examines the that stakeholders, such as internal staff, suppliers and influence gro	
TT 24 T	play in shaping relationships with customers.	1 <i>5</i> T
Unit I	Introduction to Customer Relationship Management	15 L
	a) Concept, Evolution of Customer Relationships, Customers as	
	strangers, acquaintances, friends and partners b) Objectives, Benefits of CRM	
- V 6	c) Relationship Marketing and CRM d) Relationship Development Strategies	
	d) Relationship Development Strategies	
- 1.1	e) Acquisition & Retention CRM	
1.9	f) IT Support	
1.0	g) Lead Generation	
Unit II	CRM Marketing Initiatives, Customer Service and Data Management	15 L
	a) CRM Marketing Initiatives	
	b) CRM and Customer Service	
	c) Cyber Agents and Workforce Managementd) CRM & Data Management	
Unit III	CRM Strategy, Planning, Implementation and Evaluation)	15 L
	a)Understanding Customers	
	b)Objectives of CRM Strategy	
	c)The CRM Strategy Cycle	
	d) Planning and Implementation of CRM	
	e) CRM Evaluation	
	f) Service Quality, Customer Satisfaction and Loyalty	

Unit IV	CRM New Horizons	15 L
	a) E-CRM: Concept, Different Levels of E- CRM, Privacy in E-CRM	
	b)Softwares for Customer Service- Fresh Desk and Sales force	
	c) Rage analysis	
	d)Application of digital transformation using Physical-Digital-	
	Physical (PDP) loop	
	e) Social Networking and CRM	
	i. Mobile-CRM	
	ii. CRM Trends, Challenges and Opportunities	
	iii. Ethical Issues in CRM	

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- 3. Ed Peelen, (2005), Customer Relationship Management, New Delhi ,Financial Times Prentice Hall.
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Evaluation Scheme

[A] Evaluation scheme for Theory courses

- I Continuous Assessment (C.A.) 40 Marks
- (i) C.A.-I : Test/ Project/ Assignment (20 Marks)
- (ii) C.A.-II : Test/ Project/ Assignment (20 Marks)
- II Semester End Examination (SEE)- 60 Marks