JAI HIND COLLEGE AUTONOMOUS



Syllabus for F.Y.BVOC

Course

Travel Tourism Management

Semester: II

Credit Based Semester & Grading System With effect from Academic Year 2018-19

List of Courses

Course: Travel Tourism Management Semester: II

SR. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE LI	NO. OF ECTURES / WEEK	NO. OF CREDITS
in.		FYBVOC (TT)		
1	CBTT201	Organizational Behaviour	_3	3
2	CBTT202	Principles of Marketing & Customer Service Management	3	3
3	CBTT203	Introduction to Computer Networks	3	3
4	CBTT204	Indian Geography &Tourism Products	3	4
5	CBTT205	Global Tourism-Industry and Issues	3	4
6	CBTT206	Travel Agency Management & Tour Guide Role	3	4
7	CBTT207	Reservations, E-Ticketing & Technology In Tourism Service	3	4

SEMESTER II GE PAPERS

Course: CBTT201	Course Title: Organizational Behaviour (Credits:03 Lectures/Week:03)	
	 Objectives: This paper examines the behaviour of people in the work environment. Students develop a basic understanding of individual behaviour and explore issues of motivation, communication, leadership, decision-making, careers, power and organisational change. The paper is based on a foundation of theory but incorporates a structure and change in organisations. Outcomes: Students will be able to Analyse the behaviour of individuals and groups in organisations in terms the key factors that influence organisational behaviour. Assess the potential effects of organisational-level factors (such as structure and change) on organisational behaviour. Critically evaluate the potential effects of important developments in the external environment (such as globalisation and advances in technology) organisational behaviour. Analyse organisational behavioural issues in the context of organisation. 	rong ms of cture, ne
Unit I	behaviour theories, models and concepts. Introduction - Organizational Behaviour Roles & Functions of Managers in Organizations	04L
Unit II	Individual Behaviour& Personality – Attitudes Individual differences in Personality & Perception	16L
Unit III	Motivation & Health Psychology Theories of Motivation Stress & Health	15L
Unit IV	Cross Cultural Management: Impact of Globalization, Diversity at Workplace Ethical issues & Gender issues	10L

Textbook:

- 1. Robbins, S.P. (2013). Organisational Behaviour New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Luthans, F., (2013). *Organisational Behaviour*, New York: McGraw Hill International.
- 3. Greenberg, Jerald, Baron, Robert, A., *Organizational Behaviour*, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.

Additional References:

- 1. Chhabra, T. N., OrganisationalBehaviour, Sun India Publications.
- 2. Singh, A.K., and B. P. Singh, *Organizational Behaviour*, Excel Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

- 3. Hersey, P.K., Blanchard, H. and D. E. Johnson, *Management of Organisational Behaviour*: Leading Human Resources, Pearson Education.
- 4. Moshal, B.S., Organisational Behaviour, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
- 5. Sekaran, Uma, OrganisationalBehaviour: Text and Cases, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi

Evaluation Scheme

[A] Evaluation scheme for Theory courses

I. Continuous Assessment (C.A.) - 40 Marks

C.A.-I: Test - 20 Marks of 40 mins. Duration

C.A.-II: 20 marks Assignment/Presentation /Field visit

Course: CBTT202	Course Title: Principles of Marketing & Customer Service Management (Credits:03 Lectures/Week:03)		
	Objectives:		
 Learn who managers are and about the nature of their work 			
	Know why you should care about leadership, entrepreneurship, and		
	strategy.		
	 Know the dimensions of the planning-organizing-leading-controlling (P-O-L-C) framework. 		
	Learn how economic performance feeds social and environment	al	
	performance.		
	 Understand what performance means at the individual and group levels.)	
	 Create your survivor's guide to learning and developing principl management. 	es of	
1	Outcomes: Students will be able to		
	 Evaluate the global context for taking managerial actions of planning organizing and controlling. 	5,	
	• Assess global situation, including opportunities and threats that will imanagement of an organization.	impact	
	Integrate management principles into management practices.		
1	Assess managerial practices and choices relative to ethical principles standards.	and	
	Marketing – An Overview:	10L	
	Definition of MarketTypes		
Unit I	Meaning, scope &Importanceof Marketing		
	Functions of Marketing		
	Difference between Marketing and Selling		
	Production concept,		
	Pillars of Marketing - Market segmentation, Target marketing Positioning & Differentiation		
	1 ositioning & Differentiation		
	Marketing Environment- Introduction, Need and Importance of	10L	
	Environmental Analysis		
Unit II	Methods of Analysis – SWOT, PEST,		
	Internal Environment of the Organization, External Environment;		
	Marketing Mix:		
	Introduction, Evolution of the "Marketing mix" & Components of a		
	traditional marketing mix		
	Customer Relationship Management	15L	
	Meaning -Customer Relationship Management		
Unit III	Theoretical perspectives of relationship		
Omi III	Evolution of relationship marketing		
	Customer Satisfaction:		
	Meaning, Definition Significance of Customer Satisfaction,		
	Components of Customer Satisfaction, Customer Satisfaction Models,		
	Measuring Customer Satisfaction&Case studieson Customer		

	Satisfaction	
Unit IV	Service Quality:	10L
	Concept of Quality, Meaning and Definition of Service Quality, Factors	
	influencing customer expectation and perception,	
	Service Quality Dimensions&Service Quality Gaps	
	Measuring Service Quality	

- 1. Stephen P. Robbins and Mary Coulter, *Management*, Prentice Hall of India, 8th edition. 2.
- 2. Hill, Charles, W. L., McShane, Steven, L.,(2007) *Principles of Management*, Mcgraw Hill Education, Special Indian Edition.

Additional References:

- 1. Rai, Alok Kumar., (Second Edition) Customer Relationship Management: Concepts and Cases, PHI Learning.
- 2. Knox, Simon. Payne, Adrian, Maklan, Stan. (2002). Customer Relationship Management, Routledge Inc.
- 3. AndersonKristin., Kerr, Carol. (2001). *Customer Relationship Management*, McGraw-Hill Professional.

Evaluation Scheme

[A] Evaluation scheme for Theory courses

II. Continuous Assessment (C.A.) - 40 Marks

C.A.-I: Test – 20 Marks of 40 mins. Duration

C.A.-II: 20 marks Assignment/Presentation /Field visit

Course: CBTT203	Course Title: Introduction to Computer Networks (Credits :03 Lectures/Week:03)		
	Objectives: 1. Build an understanding of the fundamental concepts of computer networking 2. Familiarize the student with the basic taxonomy and terminology of the computer networking area. 3. Introduce the student to advanced networking concepts, preparing the studen for entry Advanced courses in computer networking.		
	4. Allow the student to gain expertise in some specific areas of networking as the design and maintenance of individual networks. Outcomes:	g such	
	Students would learn to understand- 1. Understand basic computer network technology. 2. Understand and explain Data Communications System and its compone	nts.	
	 Identify the different types of network topologies and protocols. Identify the different types of network devices and their functions within network 5. Understand and building the skills of subnetting and routing mechanisms. Familiarity with the basic protocols of computer networks, and how the be used to assist in network design and implementation. 	n a	
U nit I	KNOWING COMPUTER: What Is Computer, Basic Applications of Computer, Evolution of Computers - Generations, Types of Computers, Computer System, Characteristics, Data, Information HARDWARE: Basic Components of a Digital Computer - Control Unit, ALU, Input / Output, Functions and Memory, Memory Addressing Capability of a CPU, Processing Speed of computer.	15L	
U nit II	What is a Network: Introduction, Local Area Network, Wide Area Network, Advantages of a School Network, Disadvantages of a School Network Protocol: Introduction, Ethernet (Physical/Data Layers), IP/IPX (Network Layer), TCP/SPX (Transportation layer), HTTP, FTP, Telnet, SMPT, and DNS(Session/Presentation/Application Layers)	10L	
U nit III	Hardware:Introduction, File Server, Workstations, Laptops/Mobile Devices, Network Interface Cards, Switches/Concentrators/Hubs, Repeaters, Bridges, Routers, Firewalls Cabling:Introduction, Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTS) Cable, Shielded Twisted Pair (STP) Cable, Coaxial Cable, Fiber Optic Cable, Ethernet Cable Summary, Cable Installation Guidelines, Wireless LANs	10L	
Unit IV	Topology:Introduction, Linear Bus, Star, Tree or Expanded Star, Choosing a Topology Addresses: Class A, Class B, Class C Software:Introduction, Peer-to-Peer, Client/Server, Network Operating System Software	10 L	

[&]quot;Computer system architecture"- M. Morris Mano

Additional References:

- "An Internet starter kit"- Sam
- "E-Commerce"- David Whitley
- "Introduction to computer"-Peter Norton
- "How computer work"- Ron White (QUE)

Evaluation Scheme

- [A] Evaluation scheme for Theory courses
- III. Continuous Assessment (C.A.) 40 Marks
 - C.A.-I: Test 20 Marks of 40 mins. Duration
 - C.A.-II:20 marks Assignment/Presentation/Field visit



Course:CBTT204 Course Title: Indian Geography & Tourism Product (Credits :3 Lectures/Week:03)		
	 Objectives: To understand the basic elements of tourism industry. To understand how the tourism circuit works and important in India To have the knowledge of India geography which plays an essential role while designing any tour itinerary. Outcomes: Students would various aspects of topography. 	one's
	 Would understand different societies and cultures in India. Would know the accocomation facilities available for touris To understand the important roles in evolution of people the ideas, places and environment. 	
Unit I	ideas, places and environment. Geography of India — Physical geography, Cultural Patterns Political Geography of East, West, North & South India Naturalresources — Wild life sanctuaries, national parks & biosphere reverses Backwater tourism, mountain & hills tourist destinations Island, beaches, caves and deserts in India. Tourism Products— Concept, characteristics and classification	10 L
Unit II	Tourism Circuits — Major tourism circuits of India: interstate& intra state circuit, Religious circuits, heritage circuits & wildlife circuits Man-made destinations & theme parks- Adventure sports, Commercial attractions & Amusement parks Gaming, Shopping & Live entertainments Zoological & Botanical Gardens. Supplementary accommodation- House boats, Tree houses, home stays Tourism by rail — Palace on wheels	15 L
Unit III	Contemporary destinations in India – Places & packages for Eco tourism, Rural Tourism &Golf tourism, Camping Tourism, Medical tourism & pilgrimage tourism Important Case studies on types of Tourism in India – Adventure Tourism, Cultural &Heritage Tourism &Pilgrimage	10 L
Unit IV	Facts about India- Media, Mass Communication, Transport Communication, Economy, Currency Postal and Courier Services Important Information for Tourists- Documents &formalities, Typesof Visa &Airport entry, Baggage rules, Customs, lost baggage &	10 L

Prohibited items & health checks	
Railway Reservation –	
Special Quota &Indirail,Circular Journey	
Tourist cars & Tatkal reservations	
Govt. of India Tourist Offices, Leading travel Agents & Special	
Interest Tourism	

1. S.P. Gupta (2002), *Cultural Tourism in India*, New Delhi: Indraprastha Museum of Art and Archaeology.

Additional References:

- 1. Ball, Stephen, (2007). Encyclopedia of Tourism Resources in India, B/H.
- 2. Dixit, Manoj. (2002). Tourism Products, Lucknow: New Royal Book Co.
- 3. Douglas, Norman. Ed. (2001), *Special Interest Tourism*, Australia: John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. Singh, Sarina.(2008), Lonely Planet, India.
- 5. Jacob, Robinet. (2007), *Indian Tourism Products*, Delhi: Abhijeet Publications.

Evaluation Scheme

- [A] Evaluation scheme for Theory courses
- IV. Continuous Assessment (C.A.) 40 Marks

C.A.-I: Test - 20 Marks of 40 mins. Duration

C.A.-II :20 marks Assignment/Presentation /Field visit

Course: CBTT205	Course Title: Global Tourism-Industry and Issues (Credits :3 Lectures/Week:03)			
	Objectives:			
	 To introduce students to the Global Tourism Industry-its evolution, trends and challenges 			
	 To provoke critical perspective by undertaking case studies pertain aspects of global tourism 	ning to		
	To introduce concepts of sustainability and Eco tourism			
	To teach students about international VISA/Passport regulations et	tc		
	Outcomes			
	Outcomes: Student will be able to appreciate global Tourism aspects and have a perspective process.	nective		
	on Tourism planning and World organisations.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	Understanding Global Tourism	15 L		
Unit I	Growth and evolution of tourism			
Omt 1	Measuring tourism			
	Global Tourism –Development, Trends & Issues			
	Globalisation, Tourism and Cultural Change Sociology of Travel	10 L		
	Analysing Tourist Behaviour			
Unit II	Protecting the visitor			
	Eco Tourism for developing countries			
	Tourism Case Studies – Malaysia, Thailand, African Safari			
	Tourism Carrying Capacity			
	Tourism , Environment Impact Assessment			
	Planning& Approaches to Tourism	10 L		
	Homogeneous Product-Established Resorts			
Unit III	Stages in Tourism Planning Types of Tourism Planning Moore and Micro			
	Types of Tourism Planning –Macro and Micro Synergy between Shopping and tourism			
	Event Tourism			
	Tourism & Sustainable Development			
Unit IV	Tourism Organisations, Geopolitical & Policy Issues	10 L		
	Role of UNWTO			
	Global Approach UNESCO			
	Criteria, Fairs & festivals, funding, committee, conventions, approved			
	heritage sites- challenges, impact of IT & trends			

1. S.P. Gupta (2002), *Cultural Tourism in India*, Indraprastha Museum of Art and Archaeology, New Delhi.

Additional References:

Smith, V. (ed.). (2001). Hosts and Guests Revisited: Tourism Issues in the 21st Century. Dieke, Peter U. C. (ed.). (2000). The Political Economy of Tourism Development in Africa. Stronach, V. (2000). The Other Side of Paradise: Tourism, Conservation and Development in the Bay Islands.

Dahles, H. and K. Bras. (eds.). (1999). Tourism and Small Entrepreneurs: Development,

National Policy and Entrepreneurial Culture: Indonesian Cases. Lew, Alan (ed.). (1999). Tourism on American Indian Lands.

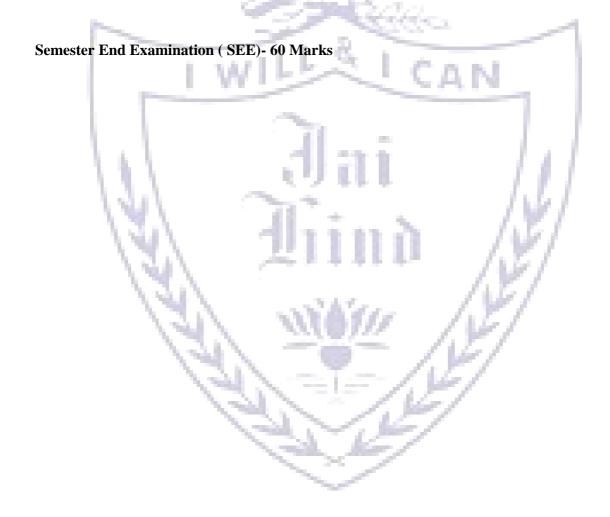
Evaluation Scheme

[A] Evaluation scheme for Theory courses

V. Continuous Assessment (C.A.) - 40 Marks

C.A.-I: Test – 20 Marks of 40 mins. Duration

C.A.-II :20 marks Assignment/Presentation /Field visit



Course: CBTT206	Course Title: Travel Agency Management & Tour Guide Role (Credits :4 Lectures/Week:03)		
	Objectives:		
	 To introduce students to the Global Tourism Industry-its evolution trends and challenges 		
	 To provoke critical perspective by undertaking case studies pertain aspects of global tourism 	ning to	
	 To introduce concepts of sustainability and Eco tourism To teach students about international VISA/Passport regulations e 	tc	
İ	0.1		
	Outcomes: Student will have browledge shout Travel A constr Operations		
	Student will have knowledge about Travel Agency Operations Will understand Tour Packaging fundamentals& aspects of Customer man	ket.	
	Introduction & Functions of a Travel Agency –	10 L	
	Organised Travel, Types of Travel agency		
Unit I	Tour Agency Operations, on site and offsite servicing,		
	Travel Retailing and sale of products		
	IATA controlled approval-		
	E –ticket, settlement of Account, benefits of Insurance		
	Organisational Structure		
1	Working of Travel Agency & Tour Operators, travel Agency		
	MNCs-		
	Meaning & Benefits,		
	Procedure for the approval from Government of India IATA of tour Agency & Tour Operator		
	Tour Operations –	15 L	
TI!4 TT	Origins of packaged tour, growth in package tours		
Unit II	Mass Market Operations Specialist Tour Operators		
	Domestic operators & Types of packaged tour		
	Inbound Tour Management-		
	Types of travellers and major markets of inbound tourists		
	Inbound Itinerary description, transport & accommodation		
	Steps to itinerary making, sample programs for inbound tourists		
	Cost sheet (meaning & significance), terms and conditions		
	Outbound Tour Management-	10 L	
	Major markets for outbound Tourism & statistics of outbound Tourists		
Unit III	Reasons for growth and need for better packages,		
01110 111	Handling outbound groups, potential of outbound group,		
	Profile of outbound travellers		
	Outbound Tourist data-		
	European jewels-Best of Italy and France, Switzerland & Super Saver USA		
	Tour pricing, fixed costs, variable costs Total Nat tour Cost, total cost workshoot		
	Total Net tour Cost, total cost worksheet Cancellation fee & refund		
Unit IV	Agency Supplier relationship-	10 L	
Omt 1 v	Agency Supplier relationship-	TO L	

Relationship with transport suppliers & Private Bus line operators, Operators of mass transit system, & relationship with accommodation suppliers,

Category of rooms, relationship between travel agents and tour operators; Hospitality Management: Type of accommodations available, different categories of hotels, different departments of hotel – an Introduction. **Other functions** –Documentation of Tours, Communication strategies with seniors and colleagues Safety measures, emergencies, insurance guidelines and refund policies

Textbook:

D.L. Foster, *The Business of Travel agency Operation & Administration* J.M.S. Negi, *Travel Agency & Tour Operations: Concepts & Principles* Additional References:

- 1. Malik, Haris&Chatterjee, Indian Travel Agents
- 2. C.Y. Gee, Travel Industry
- 3. Yale P, The Business of Tour Operations

Evaluation Scheme

- [A] Evaluation scheme for Theory courses
- VI. Continuous Assessment (C.A.) 40 Marks

C.A.-I: Test - 20 Marks of 40 mins. Duration

C.A.-II:20 marks Assignment/Presentation/Field visit

Course: CBTT207	Course Title: Reservations, e-ticketing & Technology in Tourism Service (Credits :4 Lectures/Week:03)	
	Objectives: • To introduce students to the Global Tourism Industry-its evolution trends and challenges	1,
	To provoke critical perspective by undertaking case studies pertain aspects of global tourism This is a large of the state of the	ning to
	 To introduce concepts of sustainability and Eco tourism To teach students about international VISA/Passport regulations e 	tc
	 Outcomes: Be familiar with the basic functioning of a GDS: Amadeus. Learn to search and analyse air transport services and fares offered by tairlines before select the best option no fit the specific customer's needs. Know how to develop all the process to generate an air transport reserv with a global distribution system Be familiar with the basic functioning of a travel agency-management programme. Apply communication techniques relevant to the tourism sector. 	
Unit I	Air Transportation-II: Introduction to Air Ticketing- Booking, Ticketing (Def.), City codes terminology & OAG flight schedules. Baggage Rules — Piece and weight concept, Prohibited items, checked and unchecked baggage. Road Transportation booking & e-ticketing formats	10 L
Unit II	Train transportation – Inbound and outbound, terminologies-PRS, PNR, Tatkal, Automated Fares e-Ticketing System Formats	15 L
Unit III	Cruise Transportation booking, e-ticketing formats	10 L
Unit IV	Accommodations booking, e-ticketing formats, Special Mileage Provisions & special fares etc, Travel Softwares training & prominent portals	10 L
	GDS TRAINING WILL BE PROVIDED WITH A CHARGEABLE FEE-GALILEO or AMADEUS, ABACUS	20 Hours

- IATA Ticketing Hand Book
- Chand, Mohinder, Travel Agency Management

Additional References:

- ABC World wide Airways Guide (Red & Blue)
- Air Tariff Book 1, World wide Fares.
- Air Tariff Book 1, World wide Rules, IT Fares etc.
- Air Tariff Book 1, World Wide Maximum Permitted Mileage

• Travel Information Manual (TIM)

Evaluation Scheme

[A] Evaluation scheme for Theory courses

VII. Continuous Assessment (C.A.) - 40 Marks

C.A.-I: Test – 20 Marks of 40 mins. Duration

C.A.-II:20 marks Assignment/Presentation/Field visit

